NOTICE

Notice of Pesticide Application

All School Grass Fields

High School Middle School Russell Street School

Date of Application: May 28, 2024

Shaker Lane School June 3, 2024

Location: All School Grass Fields

Littleton High School Littleton Middle School Russell Street School Shaker Lane School

All Fields on these dates For More Information:

Littleton Public Schools Website littletonps.org
Ben Anderson - Town of Littleton DPW 978-540-5670

PESTICIDE STANDARD WRITTEN NOTIFICATION

FOR SCHOOLS, DAY CARE PROGRAMS, AND SCHOOL-AGE CHILDCARE PROGRAMS

- The school, day care center, and/or school-age childcare program is responsible for sending this standard written notification form to employees, pupils, parents etc. to insure that they receive this information at least 2 working days prior to any pesticide use.
- It is recommended that the Pest Management Professional use this ready-to-copy <u>standard written notification form</u> for the purpose of providing pesticide use information to the school, day care center, and/or school-age childcare program. <u>The Pest Management Professional should save this form for copying.</u>

School: Littleton High School, Littleton Middle School, Russell Street School, Shaker Lane School

Name of School, Day care center, and/or School age childcare program

Pest Management Company: Littleton Highway Departme 39 Ayer Road, Littleton, MA

(Please Print) Name Address

Pest Management Professional: Ben Anderson 42141

(Please Print) License number

A. List the Approximate Dates on which the pesticide use shall commence and conclude

Beginning Date 05/28/2024 Ending Date 06/03/2024

B. Record the specific location of the anticipated pesticide use

All School Grass Fields

High School, Middle School, Russell Street School Fields: May 28, 2024

Shaker Lane School Application Date: June 3, 2024

C. Pesticide Information (Pest Management Professional should be specific as is possible when listing product(s) to be used)

to be used)			
Pesticide Product Name	Pesticide Type	EPA Registration #	Description/Purpose of treatment and/or application
1.Barricade 4FL	Pesticide/Fert	100-1139	Fertilizer/Pesticide
2. Escalade 2 Herbicide	Herbicide	228-442	Herbicide application for crabgrass
3.			
4.			
5.			

This standard written notification must be accompanied by the following 2 documents. These materials are available from the DAR web page www.mass.gov/agr. Follow the links to the Children's Protection page.

- Chemical Specific Fact Sheet(s)
- Consumer Information Bulletin for school, day care center, and/or school-age childcare program.

THE COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS

EXECUTIVE OFFICE OF ENERGY AND ENVIRONMENTAL AFFAIRS



Department of Agricultural Resources

251 Causeway Street, Suite 500, Boston, MA 02114 617-626-1700 fax: 617-626-1850 www.mass.gov/agr



THE ACT PROTECTING CHILDREN AND FAMILIES FROM HARMFUL PESTICIDES OF 2000

Massachusetts Pesticide Enforcement Consumer Information Bulletin FOR SCHOOLS, DAYCARE CENTERS AND SCHOOL AGE CHILD CARE PROGRAMS

The Massachusetts Pesticide Control Act requires parents, staff, and children to receive this Consumer Information bulletin whenever pesticide applications are being made on the property of your school, daycare center or school age child care program. This bulletin is being provided to you along with a Standard Written Notification form and a Pesticide Specific Factsheet.

Why am I receiving this information and what should I do when I receive it?

The purpose of the Standard Written Notification is to provide you with information about pesticide applications which are taking place on the property of your school, day care center or school age child care program. The bulletin provides information about precautions you can take to minimize exposure to any pesticides. The Pesticide Specific Factsheets provide information about the properties of the pesticides being used.

Who applies pesticides in my school, daycare center or school age child care program?

Commercial pest management professionals, facilities managers, grounds personnel or custodians. Regardless of the approach used, the person who applies the pesticides must have a current and valid Pesticide Bureau Applicator license. Check the standard written notification form for the applicator's license number.

How do I know when pesticides are being applied?

Employees, supervised children and their guardians must receive standard written notification at least two working days prior to the application of pesticides outdoors on the property. The standard written notification form, which accompanies this bulletin, includes:

- approximate dates when the application shall commence and conclude;
- specific location of the application;
- product name, type and EPA Registration number of the pesticide;
- a Pesticide Specific Fact Sheet;
- · a description of the purpose of the application and
- this Consumer Information Bulletin

The notification must also be posted in a common area of the facility at least two working days before the outdoor application is to commence and at least 72 hours after the application. Treated areas will be posted with clear and conspicuous warning signs along the perimeter. This information will be supplied to the school by the licensed pesticide applicator.

Are applications of pesticides safe?

All pesticides must be treated with caution. They are intended to be specifically poisonous to target pest insects, weeds, mold, fungus etc. - and may also be harmful to other living things including humans. Some degree of risk is always posed by their use. Because of this inherent risk, a number of regulatory and non-regulatory mechanisms have evolved to deal with those risks. Included among these mechanisms are pesticide regulations such as those enforced by Massachusetts Pesticide Enforcement; licensing and training of pesticide applicators; improved pesticide application methods; and the use of Integrated Pest Management (IPM).

What precautions can I take to minimize my exposure to pesticide applications?

There are several precautions that can be taken to reduce potential exposure to pesticides. These precautions will vary depending on where and how the pesticides are applied. Chemicals may be ingested, inhaled and absorbed through the skin. Know where the pesticide will be applied and how you might come into contact with it. Use common sense. The licensed pesticide applicator is required to post yellow signs to indicate a pesticide application on school grounds. These are some suggested general precautions. Ask the licensed pesticide applicator for other suggestions or directions specific to the work being done.

For outdoor applications:

- be familiar with the small yellow signs which applicators are required to post when a pesticide is applied outdoors to turf. Stay off the field until the flags are removed.
- if you are sensitive to chemicals, avoid the area of pesticide application for 72 hours.
- ensure that pets are kept away from the area of pesticide application

For indoor applications:

- · cover or refrigerate edible products.
- remove or cover toys, clothes, and bedding from areas to be treated.
- remove pets including their food and water bowls and toys from the area to be treated.
- ventilate as much as possible during and, following an indoor pesticide application, open the windows.
- · do not walk on treated areas and carpets until completely dry. Ask about drying times.

What types of pesticides will be applied?

Pesticide applicators may apply pesticides in several forms for control of insects and weeds. Dusts, aerosol sprays, sprays, baits, and fogs are all common forms in which pesticides exist and are used. For control of termites, the soil around the building may be impregnated with a pesticide. To control weeds, pesticides may be used as granules or sprays. Mechanical traps may also be used to control rodents.

In Massachusetts schools daycare centers and school age child care programs have to develop special pest management plans called Integrated Pest Management (IPM) plans. IPM is an approach to pest management which relies on a combination of common sense practices, including pesticides, for preventing and controlling pests. All plans are required to be submitted to the Department of Agricultural Resources. Check the MDAR website to see if your school has submitted its plan. http://massnrc.org/ipm/index.html

What if I have a question or problem?

Questions about what pesticides will be applied and why, and specific information about the application should be referred to the licensed pesticide applicator doing the work.

The Massachusetts Department of Agricultural Resources, Pesticide Enforcement is responsible for enforcing the pesticide regulations and laws. Contact Pesticide Enforcement at 617-626-1781. Additional information can be found at the Pesticide Programs website: http://www.mass.gov/agr/pesticides/

Updated August 2011



BARRICADE 4FL

Version 2.2

Revision Date: 01/13/2022

SDS Number: S1363384383

This version replaces all previous versions.

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name

: BARRICADE 4FL

Design code.

: A12333G

Product Registration number

: 100-1139

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier

Syngenta Crop Protection, LLC

Address

Post Office Box 18300 Greensboro NC 27419

United States of America (USA)

Telephone Telefax : 1 800 334 9481 : 1 336 632 2192

E-mail address

: sds.requests@syngenta.com

Emergency telephone

: 18008888372

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use

: Herbicide

Restrictions on use

General Use Pesticide

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

GHS label elements

Not a hazardous substance or mixture.

Other hazards

None known.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture

: Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
prodiamine	29091-21-2	40.7
propane-1,2-diol	57-55-6	>= 1 - < 5

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES



BARRICADE 4FL

Version 2.2

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General advice

Have the product container, label or Safety Data Sheet with you when calling the emergency number, a poison control

center or physician, or going for treatment.

If inhaled

Take the victim into fresh air.

If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial

respiration.

Keep patient warm and at rest.

Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

In case of skin contact

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash off immediately with plenty of water. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

In case of eye contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids,

for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses.

Immediate medical attention is required.

If swallowed

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this

container or label.

Do NOT induce vomiting.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and Nonspecific

No symptoms known or expected.

delayed

Notes to physician

There is no specific antidote available.

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media

Extinguishing media - small fires

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or

carbon dioxide.

Extinguishing media - large fires

Alcohol-resistant foam

Water spray

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

As the product contains combustible organic ingredients, fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous

products of combustion (see section 10).

Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to

health.

Further information

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Special protective equipment :

for fire-fighters

Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing

apparatus.

SECTION 6, ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

tive equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions, protec- : Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.



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Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to

local / national regulations (see section 13). Clean contaminated surface thoroughly. Clean with detergents. Avoid solvents.

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on safe handling

: No special protective measures against fire required.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

For personal protection see section 8.

Conditions for safe storage

No special storage conditions required.

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-

ventilated place.

Keep out of the reach of children.

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters / Permissible concentration	Basis
prodiamine	29091-21-2	TWA	4 mg/m3	Syngenta
propane-1,2-dioi	57-55-6	TWA	10 mg/m3	US WEEL

Engineering measures

THE FOLLOWING RECOMMENDATIONS FOR EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION ARE INTENDED FOR THE MANUFACTURE, FORMULATION AND PACKAGING OF THE PRODUCT. FOR COMMERCIAL APPLICATIONS AND/OR ON-FARM APPLICATIONS CONSULT THE PRODUCT LABEL.

Containment and/or segregation is the most reliable technical protection measure if exposure cannot be eliminated.

The extent of these protection measures depends on the actual risks in use.

Maintain air concentrations below occupational exposure

standards.

Where necessary, seek additional occupational hygiene

advice.



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Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

No personal respiratory protective equipment normally

required.

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure

limit they must use appropriate certified respirators.

Hand protection

Remarks Eye protection

No special protective equipment required. No special protective equipment required. No special protective equipment required.

Select skin and body protection based on the physical job

requirements.

Protective measures

Skin and body protection

The use of technical measures should always have priority

over the use of personal protective equipment. When selecting personal protective equipment, seek

appropriate professional advice.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance

: liquid

Color

: vellow

Odor

No data available

Odor Threshold

No data available

pН

Concentration: 1 % w/v

Melting point/range

: No data available

Boiling point/boiling range

No data available

Flash point

: 210.9 °F / 99.4 °C

Method: Pensky-Martens closed cup

Evaporation rate

No data available

Flammability (solid, gas)

No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapor pressure

: No data available

Relative vapor density

: No data available



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Density

1.17 g/cm3

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility

No data available

Solubility in other solvents :

No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

No data available

octanol/water

Autoignition temperature

No data available

Decomposition temperature

: No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic

: No data available

Explosive properties

No data available

Oxidizing properties

: No data available

Particle size

No data available

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

None reasonably foreseeable.

Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions. No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid

Possibility of hazardous reac- :

tions

No decomposition if used as directed.

Incompatible materials

None known.

Hazardous decomposition

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

products

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Ingestion Inhalation Skin contact Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity

: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity

: LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Components:

prodiamine:

Acute oral toxicity

LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg



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Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Acute inhalation toxicity

LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 0.256 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity

: LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Species

Rabbit

Result

No skin irritation

Components:

prodiamine:

Species

Rabbit

Result

No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Species

Rabbit

Result

No eye irritation

Components:

prodiamine:

Species

Rabbit

Result

No eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Product:

Species

Guinea pig

Result

: Did not cause sensitization on laboratory animals.

Components:

prodiamine:

Species

Guinea pig

Result

Did not cause sensitization on laboratory animals.



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Germ cell mutagenicity

Components:

prodiamine:

Germ cell mutagenicity -

: Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

Assessment

Carcinogenicity

Components:

prodiamine:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

No evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies.

ment IARC

No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

OSHA

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP

No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity

Components:

prodiamine:

Reproductive toxicity - As-

: Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility.

sessment

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish

LC50 (Cyprinus carpio (Carp)): 91 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 12 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)):

0.113 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

EC10 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)):

0.011 mg/l

End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 72 h



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Components:

prodiamine:

Toxicity to fish

: LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 0.829 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): > 0.552 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 0.013 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: Highest attainable concentration

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)):

0.004 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

NOEC (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)):

0.00045 mg/l

End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 96 h

ErC50 (Navicula pelliculosa (Freshwater diatom)): 0.0047 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

NOEC (Navicula pelliculosa (Freshwater diatom)): 0.0027 mg/l

End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 72 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

: 100

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.012 mg/l

Exposure time: 87 d

Test Type: Early-life Stage

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0066 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

ic toxicity)

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

100

Persistence and degradability

Components:

prodiamine:

Biodegradability

Remarks: No data available

Stability in water

Degradation half life: 3 - 15 d

Remarks: Product is not persistent.



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Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

prodiamine:

Bioaccumulation

: Remarks: Bioaccumulates

Mobility in soil

Components:

prodiamine:

Distribution among environmental compartments

Stability in soil

Remarks: immobile

Dissipation time: 30 - 113 d

Percentage dissipation: 50 % (DT50) Remarks: Product is not persistent.

Other adverse effects

Components:

prodiamine:

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues

Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with

chemical or used container.

Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or

incineration.

If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with

local regulations.

Contaminated packaging

Empty remaining contents.

Triple rinse containers.

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste

handling site for recycling or disposal.

Do not re-use empty containers.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number

UN 3082

Proper shipping name

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N,O.S.

(PRODIAMINE)



BARRICADE 4FL

Version Revision Date: 2.2 01/13/2022

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Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.

(PRODIAMINE)

Class : 9
Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

Packing instruction (cargo : 964

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen- : 964

ger aircraft)

Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(PRODIAMINE)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

Remarks : Shipment by ground under DOT is non-regulated; however it

may be shipped per the applicable hazard classification to facilitate multi-modal transport involving ICAO (IATA) or IMO.

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets, and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. Following is the hazard information as required on the pesticide label: Caution

Harmful if inhaled.

Harmful if swallowed.

Harmful if absorbed through skin.

Avoid breathing vapors.



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Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

Listed substances in the product are at low enough levels to not be expected to exceed the RQ

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards

: No SARA Hazards

SARA 313

This material does not contain any chemical components with known CAS numbers that exceed the threshold (De Minimis) reporting levels established by SARA Title III, Section 313.

US State Regulations

Massachusetts Right To Know

dioxosilane 14808-60-7 1,4-dioxane 123-91-1

Pennsylvania Right To Know

 water
 7732-18-5

 prodiamine
 29091-21-2

 propane-1,2-diol
 57-55-6

 orthophosphoric acid
 7664-38-2

 sodium hydroxide
 1310-73-2

Maine Chemicals of High Concern

dioxosilane 14808-60-7

Vermont Chemicals of High Concern

1,4-dioxane 123-91-1

Washington Chemicals of High Concern

1,4-dioxane 123-91-1

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TSCA : All substances listed as active on the TSCA inventory

TSCA list

No substances are subject to a Significant New Use Rule.

No substances are subject to TSCA 12(b) export notification requirements.



BARRICADE 4FL

Version 2.2

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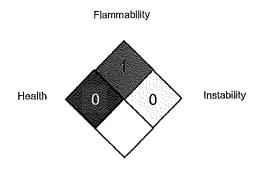
SDS Number: S1363384383

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SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

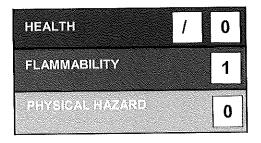
Further information

NFPA 704:



Special hazard

HMIS® IV:



HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

Full text of other abbreviations

US WEEL

USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)

US WEEL / TWA

8-hr TWA

AllC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System: GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC -International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention, PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quanti-



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SDS Number: S1363384383

This version replaces all previous versions.

tative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Revision Date

: 01/13/2022

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

US / Z8



1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Name:

ESCALADE® 2 HERBICIDE

EPA Reg. No.: **Product Type:**

228-442 Herbicide

Company Name:

Nufarm Americas Inc. 11901 S. Austin Avenue

Alsip, IL 60803 1-800-345-3330

Telephone Numbers: For Chemical Emergency, Spill, Leak, Fire, Exposure, or Accident,

Call CHEMTREC Day or Night: 1-800-424-9300 For Medical Emergencies Only, Call 1-877-325-1840

This product is an EPA FIFRA registered pesticide. Some classifications on this SDS are not the same as the FIFRA label. Certain sections of this SDS are superseded by federal law governed by EPA for a registered pesticide. Please see Section 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION for explanation.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

HEALTH HAZARDS:

Category 2A Eve irritation Category 2 Skin irritation Category 4 Acute toxicity, oral Specific target organ toxicity - Repeated exposure Category 2

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:

Category 1 Hazardous to aquatic environment, acute

SIGNAL WORD:

WARNING

HAZARD STATEMENTS:

Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if swallowed. May cause damage to organs (liver, kidneys) through prolonged or repeated exposure. Very toxic to aquatic life.







PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Wash hands and exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Wear chemical resistant gloves. Wear face shield, chemical goggles or shielded safety glasses. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if safe to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. Specific treatment: See Section 4 First Aid and product label instructions. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

IF SWALLOWED: Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Avoid unintended release to the environment. Collect spillage

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with state and federal regulations. See Section 13 and product label for disposal instructions.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

COMPONENT	CAS NO.	% BY WEIGHT
Dimethylamine Salt of 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid	2008-39-1	38.3 40.7
1-Methylheptyl Ester of Fluroxypyr	81406-37 - 3	5.6 - 6.2
Dicamba (3,6-Dichloro-o-Anisic Acid)	1918-00-9	3.9 - 4.3
Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Heavy Aromatic	64742 - 94-5	5.9 6.5
Other Ingredients:	Trade Secret	Trade Secret

Synonyms:

Mixture of 2,4-D DMA, Fluroxypyr MHE, and Dicamba

Ingredients not precisely identified are proprietary or non-hazardous. Values are not product specifications.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If in Eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If Swallowed: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If on Skin or Clothing: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15 to 20

minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

If Inhaled: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

Most Important symptoms/effects: Eye exposure may cause moderate irritation. Skin exposure may cause

Indication of Immediate medical attention and special treatment if needed: There is no specific antidote if this product is ingested. Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media: Recommended for large fires: foam or water spray. Recommended for small fires: dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Firefighters should wear NIOSH/MSHA approved self-contained breathing apparatus and full fire-fighting turn out gear. Dike area to prevent runoff and contamination of water sources. Dispose of fire control water later.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: If water is used to fight fire or cool containers, dike to prevent runoff contamination of municipal sewers and waterways.

Hazardous Decomposition Materials (Under Fire Conditions): May produce gases such as hydrogen chloride and oxides of carbon and nitrogen.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions: Wear appropriate protective gear for the situation. See Personal Protection information in Section 8.

Environmental Precautions: Prevent material from entering public sewer systems or any waterways. Do not flush to drain. Large spills to soil or similar surfaces may necessitate removal of topsoil. The affected area should be removed and placed in an appropriate container for disposal.

Methods for Containment: Dike spill using absorbent or impervious materials such as earth, sand or clay. Collect and contain contaminated absorbent and dike material for disposal.

Methods for Cleanup and Disposal: Pump any free liquid into an appropriate closed container. Collect washings for disposal. Decontaminate tools and equipment following cleanup. See Section 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS for more information.

Other Information: Large spills may be reportable to the National Response Center (800-424-8802) and to state and/or local agencies.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING:

Do not get in eyes or on clothing. Avoid contact with skin. Users should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Remove clothing/Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. If pesticide gets on skin, wash immediately

with soap and water. Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

STORAGE:

Always use original container to store pesticides in a secured warehouse or storage building. Store at temperatures above 25° F. Protect from freezing. If allowed to freeze, remix well before using. This does not alter the product. Containers should be opened in well-ventilated areas. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Do not stack cardboard cases more than two pallets high. Do not store near open containers of fertilizer, seed or other pesticides. Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage or disposal.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls:

Where engineering controls are indicated by specific use conditions or a potential for excessive exposure, use local exhaust ventilation at the point of generation.

Personal Protective Equipment:

Eye/Face Protection: To avoid contact with eyes, wear face shield, goggles or safety glasses. An emergency eyewash or water supply should be readily accessible to the work area.

Skin Protection: To avoid contact with skin, wear long-sleeved shirt, long pants, shoes, socks and chemical-resistant gloves. When mixing or loading, cleaning up spills or equipment or otherwise expose to the concentrate also wear a chemical-resistant apron. An emergency shower or water supply should be readily accessible to the work area

Respiratory Protection: Not normally required. If vapors or mists exceed acceptable levels, wear NIOSH approved air-purifying respirator with cartridges/canisters approved for use against pesticides.

General Hygiene Considerations: Personal hygiene is an important work practice exposure control measure and the following general measures should be taken when working with or handling this material: 1) do not store, use and/or consume foods, beverages, tobacco products, or cosmetics in areas where this material is stored; 2) wash hands and face carefully before eating, drinking, using tobacco, applying cosmetics or using the toilet.

Exposure Guidelines:

	OSHA		ACGIH			
Component	TWA	STEL	TWA	STEL	Unit	
DMA Salt of 2,4-D	10*	NE	10*	NE	mg/m³	
Fluroxypyr	NE	NE	NE	NE		
Dicamba	NE	NE	NE	NE		
Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Heavy Aromatic**	NE	NE	NE	NE		
Other Ingredients	NE	NE	NE	NE		

^{*}Based on adopted limit for 2,4-D

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:

Odor:

Odor threshold:

pH:

Melting point/freezing point:

Initial boiling point and boiling range

Flash point:

Evaporation rate:

Flammability (solid, gas):
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:

Vapor pressure: Vapor density: Relative density: Solubility(ies):

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: Autoignition temperature: Decomposition temperature:

Viscosity:

Amber colored liquid Mild amine odor

No data available

5.5 - 8 25° F (-4° C) No data available

>230° F (>110° C) Setaflash

No data available 1.169 @ 25° C

Soluble

No data available No data available No data available 51.6 cPs @ 25° C

NE = Not Established

^{**} Manufacturer recommended limit of 100 mg/m³ total hydrocarbon vapor.

Note: Physical data are typical values, but may vary from sample to sample. A typical value should not be construed as a guaranteed analysis or as a specification.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not reactive.

Chemical Stability: This material is stable under normal handling and storage conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Excessive heat. Do not store near heat or flame. Incompatible Materials: Strong oxidizing agents: bases and acids.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Under fire conditions may produce gases such as hydrogen chloride and

oxides of carbon and nitrogen.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Likely Routes of Exposure: Eye contact, Skin contact

Symptoms of Exposure:

Eye Contact: Causes substantial but temporary eye damage. Vapors and mist may cause irritation.

Skin Contact: Slightly toxic and moderately irritating based on toxicity studies. Overexposure by skin absorption

may cause symptoms similar to those for ingestion.

Ingestion: Slightly toxic if ingested based on toxicity studies. May cause headache, dizziness, nausea, vomiting,

gastrointestinal irritation, weakness and central nervous system depression.

Inhalation: Low inhalation toxicity based on toxicity studies.

Delayed, immediate and chronic effects of exposure: Eye irritation

Toxicological Data:

Data from laboratory studies conducted on a similar, but not identical, formulation:

Oral: Rat LD₅₀: 1,750 mg/kg (female) (estimated based on mortalities for doses tested)

Dermal: Rat LD₅₀: >2,000 mg/kg **Inhalation:** Rat 4-hr LC₅₀: >2.07 mg/L **Eye Irritation:** Rabbit: Moderately irritating **Skin Irritation:** Rabbit: Moderately irritating

Skin Sensitization: Not a contact sensitizer in guinea pigs following repeated skin exposure.

Subchronic (Target Organ) Effects: Repeated overexposure may cause effects to liver, kidneys, blood chemistry, testes and gross motor function. Rare cases of peripheral nerve damage have been reported, but extensive animal studies have failed to substantiate these observations, even at high doses for prolonged periods.

Carcinogenicity / Chronic Health Effects: Various animal cancer tests have shown no reliably positive association between 2,4-D exposure and cancer. Epidemiology studies on herbicide use have been both positive and negative with the majority being negative. The U.S. EPA has given 2,4-D and dicamba a Class D classification (not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity). Fluroxypyr did not cause cancer in laboratory animals.

Reproductive Toxicity: No impairment of reproductive function attributable to 2,4-D have been noted in laboratory animal studies. In animal studies, fluroxypyr has been shown not to interfere with reproduction. Dicamba did not interfere with fertility in reproduction studies in laboratory animals.

Developmental Toxicity: Studies in laboratory animals with 2,4-D have shown decreased fetal body weights and delayed development in the offspring at doses toxic to mother animals. Fluroxypyr did not cause birth defects in animals; other effects were seen in the fetus only at doses which caused toxic effects in the mother. Animal tests with dicamba have not demonstrated developmental effects.

Genotoxicity: There have been some positive and some negative studies, but the weight of evidence is that 2,4-D is not mutagenic. Animal tests with fluroxypyr and dicamba did not demonstrate mutagenic effects.

Assessment Carcinogenicity:

This product contains substances that are considered to be probable or suspected human carcinogens as follows:

	Regulatory Agency Listing As Carcinoge			
Component	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Chlorophenoxy Herbicides	No	2B	No	No
Dicamba	No	No	No	No
Fluroxypyr	No	No	No	No
Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), Heavy Aromatic	No	No	No	No
Other Ingredients	No	No	No	No

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity:

Data on 2,4-D, Dimethylamine Salt:

96-hour LC₅₀ Bluegill: 524 mg/l Bobwhite Quail Oral LD₅₀: 500 mg/kg 96-hour LC₅₀ Rainbow Trout: 250 mg/l Mallard Duck 8-day Dietary LC₅₀: >5,620 ppm

48-hour EC50 Daphnia: 184 mg/l

Data on Fluroxypyr 1-Methylheptyl Ester:

Fluroxypyr 1-Methylheptyl Ester is highly toxic to aquatic invertebrates on an acute basis (LC_{50} or EC_{50} is between 0.1 and 1 mg/L). Concentrations for fish were not determined because they exceed water solubility. Fluroxypyr 1-Methylheptyl Ester is highly insoluble in water. Fluroxypyr 1-Methylheptyl Ester is practically non-toxic to birds on an acute and dietary basis ($LD_{50} > 2,000 \text{ mg/kg}$ and $LC_{50} > 5,000 \text{ ppm}$).

Data on Dicamba:

96-hour LC₅₀ Bluegill: 135 mg/l Bobwhite Quail 8-day Dietary LC₅₀: >10,000 ppm 96-hour LC₅₀ Rainbow Trout: 135 mg/l Mallard Duck 8-day Dietary LC₅₀: >10,000 ppm 48-hour EC₅₀ Daphnia: 110 mg/l

Environmental Fate:

In laboratory and field studies, 2,4-D DMA salt rapidly dissociated to parent acid in the environment. The typical half-life of the resultant 2,4-D acid ranged from a few days to a few weeks.

In laboratory and field studies, Fluroxypyr 1-Methylheptyl Ester rapidly de-esterfied to parent acid in the environment. The typical soil half-life for fluroxypyr (acid and ester) ranged from one to four weeks. Microbial metabolism is the primary degradation mechanism in soil. The typical aquatic half-life ranged from 4 to 14 days.

Dicamba poorly binds to soil particles, is potentially mobile in the soil and highly soluble in water. Aerobic soil metabolism is the main degradative process for dicamba with a typical half-life of 2 weeks. Degradation is slower when low soil moisture limits microbe populations. In water, microbial degradation is the main route of dicamba dissipation. Aquatic hydrolysis, volatilization, adsorption to sediments, and bioconcentration are not expected to be significant.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal Method:

Pesticide wastes are toxic. If container is damaged or if pesticide has leaked, contain all spillage. Absorb and clean up all spilled material with granules or sand. Place in a closed, labeled container for proper disposal. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixtures, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law and may contaminate groundwater. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Handling and Disposal:

Nonrefillable Containers 5 Gallons or Less: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling or reconditioning, or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities. Plastic containers are also disposable by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned stay out of smoke.

Nonrefillable containers larger than 5 gallons: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling if available. If recycling or recondition are not available, puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by other procedures approved by State and local authorities. Plastic containers are also disposable by incineration, or, if allowed by State and local authorities, by burning. If burned stay out of smoke. Triple rinse or pressure rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container 1/4 full with water. Replace and tighten closures. Tip container on its side and roll it back and forth, ensuring at least one complete revolution, for 30 seconds. Stand the container on its end and tip it back and forth several times. Turn the container over onto its other end and tip it back and forth several times. Empty the rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Repeat this procedure two more times. Pressure rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and continue to drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Hold

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

container upside down over application equipment or mix tank or collect rinsate for later use or disposal. Insert pressure rinsing nozzle in the side of the container, and rinse at about 40 psi for at least 30 seconds. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip.

Refillable containers larger than 5 gallons: Refillable container. Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Cleaning the container before final disposal is the responsibility of the person disposing of the container. Cleaning before refilling is the responsibility of the refiller. To clean the container before final disposal, empty the remaining contents from this container into application equipment or a mix tank. Fill the container about 10% full with water. Agitate vigorously or recirculate water with the pump for two minutes. Pour or pump rinsate into application equipment or rinsate collection system. Repeat this rinsing procedure two more times.

Refillable Container: Refill this container with pesticide only. Do not reuse this container for any other purpose. Close all openings and replace all caps. Contact Nufarm's Customer Service Department at 1-800-345-3330 to arrange for return of the empty refillable container.

For Residential Use:

Container Handling: If empty - Do not reuse this container. Place in trash or offer for recycling if available. If partly filled - If product cannot be used as directed, call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor (including toilet) or outdoor (including sewer) drain.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

Follow the precautions indicated in Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE of this SDS.

DOT

<30 gallons per completed package

Non Regulated

≥ 30 and < 119 gallons per complete package

UN 3082, Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s., (2,4-D Salt), 9, III, RQ

≥ 119 gallons per complete package

UN 3082, Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s., (2,4-D Salt), 9, III, RQ, Marine Pollutant

IMDG

UN 3082, Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s., (2,4-D Salt), 9, III, Marine Pollutant

IATA

UN 3082, Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s., (2,4-D Salt), 9, III, Marine Pollutant

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPA FIFRA INFORMATION

This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the United States Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets (SDS), and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. The hazard information required on the pesticide label is reproduced below. The pesticide label also includes other important information, including directions for use.

WARNING. Causes substantial but temporary eye injury. Harmful if swallowed or absorbed through the skin. Do not get in eyes or on clothing. Avoid contact with skin.

U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS

TSCA Inventory: This product is exempted from TSCA because it is solely for FIFRA regulated use.

SARA Hazard Notification/Reporting:

Hazard Categories Under Criteria of SARA Title III Rules (40 CFR Part 370.66):

Immediate and Delayed

Section 313 Toxic Chemical(s):

Dicamba (CAS No. 1918-00-9), 3.9 -4.3% by weight in product

Reportable Quantity (RQ) under U.S. CERCLA:

Dicamba (CAS No. 1918-00-9) 1,000 pounds

2.4-D (CAS No. 94-75-7) 100 pounds

RCRA Waste Code:

ESCALADE® 2 HERBICICE

Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the product user to determine at the time of disposal, whether a material containing the product or derived from the product should be classified as a hazardous waste.

State Information:

Other state regulations may apply. Check individual state requirements.

California Proposition 65: Not Listed.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Hazard Rating:

Rating for this product: Health: 2 Flammability: 1 Reactivity: 0

Hazards Scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe

This Safety Data Sheet (SDS) serves different purposes than and DOES NOT REPLACE OR MODIFY THE EPA-ACCEPTED PRODUCT LABELING (attached to and accompanying the product container). This SDS provides important health, safety and environmental information for employers, employees, emergency responders and others handling large quantities of the product in activities generally other than product use, while the labeling provides that information specifically for product use in the ordinary course.

Use, storage and disposal of pesticide products are regulated by the EPA under the authority of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) through the product labeling, and all necessary and appropriate precautionary, use, storage, and disposal information is set forth on that labeling. It is a violation of Federal law to use a pesticide product in any manner not prescribed on the EPA-accepted label.

Although the information and recommendations set forth herein (hereinafter "Information") are presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date hereof, Nufarm Americas Inc. makes no representations as to the completeness or accuracy thereof. Information is supplied upon the condition that the persons receiving same will make their own determination as to its suitability for their purposes prior to use. In no event will Nufarm Americas Inc. be responsible for damages of any nature whatsoever resulting from the use of or reliance upon Information. NO REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES, EITHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR OF ANY OTHER NATURE ARE MADE HEREUNDER WITH RESPECT TO INFORMATION OR THE PRODUCT TO WHICH INFORMATION REFERS AND ALL SUCH WARRANTIES ARE HEREBY SPECIFICALLY DISCLAIMED.

Date of Issue:

May 1, 2018

Supersedes:

June 11, 2015

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